

Zoom Class 21/04/2020

Week 12 ■ 078-280

## Total Differentiation Problems

Ques If  $f(x, y) = 0$ ,  $\phi(y, z) = 0$  show that

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y}$$

Proof

Soln  $\because f(x, y) = 0$   
then from 1<sup>st</sup> differential coefficient we know that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = - \frac{\partial f / \partial x}{\partial f / \partial y} \quad \text{--- ①}$$

and similarly since  $\phi(y, z) = 0$ 

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dz} = - \frac{\partial \phi / \partial z}{\partial \phi / \partial y} \quad \text{--- ②}$$

Dividing ① by ② we get

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \cdot \frac{dz}{dy} = \frac{-(\partial f / \partial x / \partial f / \partial y)}{-(\partial \phi / \partial z / \partial \phi / \partial y)} = \frac{\partial f / \partial x \cdot \partial \phi / \partial y}{\partial f / \partial y \cdot \partial \phi / \partial z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{\partial f / \partial x \cdot \partial \phi / \partial y}{\partial f / \partial y \cdot \partial \phi / \partial z}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \quad \text{Proved}$$

Ques If the sides of a plane triangle ABC vary in such a way that its circum-radius remains constant, P.T.  $\frac{da}{\cos A} + \frac{db}{\cos B} + \frac{dc}{\cos C} = 0$

Soln Let 'R' be the circum-radius, and since it is a constant thus  $2R = k$  (suppose)

Now, from properties of triangle, we know

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C} = 2R = k$$

$$\Rightarrow a = k \sin A ; b = k \sin B ; c = k \sin C$$

$$\Rightarrow da = k \cos A dA ; db = k \sin B dB \text{ and } dc = k \sin C dC$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{da}{\cos A} = k dA ; \frac{db}{\cos B} = k dB ; \frac{dc}{\cos C} = k dC$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{da}{\cos A} + \frac{db}{\cos B} + \frac{dc}{\cos C} = k dA + k dB + k dC$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{da}{\cos A} + \frac{db}{\cos B} + \frac{dc}{\cos C} = k (dA + dB + dC)$$

$$\because A + B + C = \pi \text{ (constant)}$$

$$\Rightarrow dA + dB + dC = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{da}{\cos A} + \frac{db}{\cos B} + \frac{dc}{\cos C} = k(0) = 0$$

Proved

Ques If  $u = f(x, y)$ ,  $x = r \cos \theta$  and  $y = r \sin \theta$ , Prove that

$$\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial r}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2$$

Soln  $\because u = f(x, y)$

then  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial r}$  — from total differentiation. — (1)

$\because x = r \cos \theta \Rightarrow \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} = \cos \theta, \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} = -r \sin \theta$

and  $y = r \sin \theta \Rightarrow \frac{\partial y}{\partial r} = \sin \theta, \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} = r \cos \theta$

Also  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta}$  — (2)

Using above obtained values in Eqn (1) & (2) we get

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cos \theta + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \sin \theta \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} (-r \sin \theta) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} r \cos \theta \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

Using eqn (3) & (4) in LHS we get

$$\text{LHS} = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial r}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta}\right)^2$$

$$= \left[ \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 \cos^2 \theta + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2 \sin^2 \theta \right] + \frac{1}{r^2} \cdot \left[ \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)(r \sin \theta) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(r \cos \theta) \right]^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 \cos^2 \theta + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2 \sin^2 \theta + 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right) + \frac{r^2}{r^2} \left[ -\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right) \sin \theta + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} (\cos \theta) \right]^2$$

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$$= \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 \cos^2 \theta + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2 \sin^2 \theta + 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right) + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 \sin^2 \theta + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2 \cos^2 \theta - 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 \left[ \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta \right] + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2 \left[ \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta \right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2 = \text{RHS}$$

Proved

Ques If 'u' be a homogeneous function of  $n^{\text{th}}$  degree in  $x, y, z$  and if  $u = f(x, y, z)$  where  $X, Y, Z$  are differential co-eff. of 'u' w.r.t.  $x, y, z$  respectively, P.T.

$$x \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = \left(\frac{n}{n-1}\right) u$$

Soln ∵ u is homogeneous, From Euler's theorem we have

$$x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = nu \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Now to find the values of  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}$  from total differentiation

we get

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial z} \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

Substituting (2), (3), (4) in (1) we get

$$x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = nu$$

$$\Rightarrow nu = x \left[ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right]$$

$$+ y \left[ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right]$$

$$+ z \left[ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial z} \right]$$

$u = f(x, y, z)$

S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		

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Taking  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ ,  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$  common we get

$$\Rightarrow nu = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \left[ x \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial x}{\partial z} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \left[ x \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \left[ x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial z}{\partial z} \right]$$

Also since  $x, y, z$  are differential coeff. of 'u'

$$x = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}, \quad y = \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}, \quad z = \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}$$

$$\Rightarrow nu = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \left[ x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) + y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) + z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) \right]$$

$$+ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \left[ x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) + y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) + z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) \right]$$

$$+ \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \left[ x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right) + y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right) + z \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right) \right]$$

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$$\Rightarrow nu = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \left[ x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + y \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x} + z \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z \partial x} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \left[ x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + y \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + z \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z \partial y} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \left[ x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial z} + y \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial z} + z \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} \right] \quad \text{--- (5)}$$

Differentiating (1) partially w.r.t.  $x, y, z$  respectively we get

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$$\left( x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) + \left( y \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} \right) + z \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial z} \right) = n \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$$

CORRECT

2020

MARCH

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
15	16	17	18	19	20	21

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
22	23	24	25	26	27	28

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
29	30	31				

$$\Rightarrow x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + x + y \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + z \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial z} = nx$$

$$\Rightarrow x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + y \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + z \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial z} = nx - x = (n-1)x \quad \text{--- (6)}$$

$$\underline{\text{By}} \quad x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + y \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + z \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z \partial y} = (n-1)y \quad \text{--- (7)}$$

$$x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial z} + y \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial z} + z \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} = (n-1)z \quad \text{--- (8)}$$

using (6), (7), (8) in (5) we get

$$\Rightarrow nu = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \{(n-1)x\} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \{(n-1)y\} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \{(n-1)z\}$$

$$\Rightarrow x \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \cdot (n-1) = nu$$

$$\Rightarrow x \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = \frac{nu}{(n-1)} = \frac{(n-1)u}{(n-1)}$$

Proved

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
					1	2
7	18	19	20	21	22	23

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
31						